

September 2021

Economists: Lynette Lee Toh Wei Liang Strategic Credit & Economic Analytics <u>SMEBank-SCEA@smebank.com.my</u> (603) 2615 2020

In its latest monetary policy meeting held on September 9, Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) decided to maintain the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) at 1.75%, the 7th time which the key policy rate is unchanged. The decision is in line with our expectation that BNM would keep its OPR unchanged at 1.75% till year-end, given the availability of targeted relief measures and subdued inflationary pressures averaged 2.3% in 7M 2021.

BNM acknowledged that the recent gradual easing of restrictions for more economic sectors to reopen, with businesses more adapt to the new norm amidst continued policy support and global growth recovery, would facilitate Malaysia's recovery. The central bank in its monetary policy statement, however, cited downside risks to the growth outlook. Unfavourable factors that could derail the recovery momentum include a potential re-instatement of broad-based containment measures, delays in the relaxations on account of the impact of the ever-mutating coronavirus and a weaker-than-expected global recovery.

According to Business Tendency Survey published by the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) on August 26, firms are more pessimistic towards their business condition in 3Q 2021, as seen in the -21.3% plunge in the quarterly confidence indicator (2Q: -3.1%). Overall negative sentiment among businesses is likely to persist throughout 2H 2021, given an overall net balance expectation of -21.7% for the period of 3Q-4Q as opposed to +11.0% for the period of 2Q-3Q. All sectors, except the Agriculture sector, envisage negative prospects. Sustained high Crude Palm Oil prices, as well as lower import tax and surging edible oil demand from India, contribute to a better outlook for the Agriculture sector, particularly the palm oil industry.

	N	let Balance of	Business Per	ormance Exp	ectation for U	pcoming 6 Mo	onth
Agriculture	1Q20-2Q20 3.3	2Q20-3Q20	3Q20-4Q20	4Q20-1Q21 13.5	1Q21-2Q21 4.0	2Q21-3Q21 11.6	3Q21-4Q21 15.9
		-23.1	-6.5				
Mining	,			13.5			
	-8.3	-33.3	-26.1		-20.7	-3.7	-17.4
Manufacturing	2.4			11.7	12.7	16.2	
		-34.6	-5.6				-19.2
Construction	0.0		0.0			6.1	
		-50.0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-50.0	-34.6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-24.2
Services	2.4					8.4	
		-44.6	-4.8	-9.1	-11.7		-14.2
Wholesale & retail trade						12.5	
	-2.9	-81.3	-34.2	-29.3	-7.7		-59.7

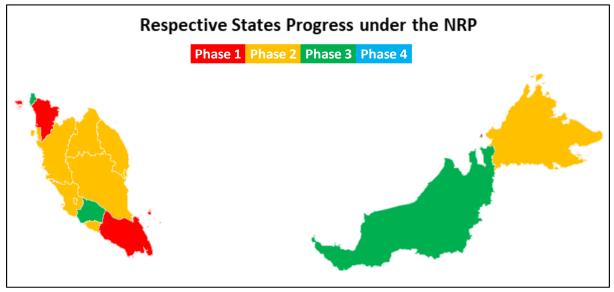
Source: Business Tendency Statistics, DOSM and SME Bank SCEA



Prolonged mobility restrictions in 2021, namely the Movement Control Order 2.0 (MCO) in January, MCO3.0 in May, Full MCO in June and today's National Recovery Plan (NRP), had severely eroded business sentiment, of which SMEs felt the full brunt. This is owing to their high involvement in the customer-facing Wholesale & Retail Trade and Accommodation sector, accounting for about 16% of the National's GDP and 40% of the SME sector's GDP.

Experiencing languishing sales and tight cashflows, SMEs are struggling and striving hard to survive. The SME Association of Malaysia, in August 2021, stated that about 25% of SMEs have permanently discontinued their businesses, while about 54% of them have temporarily closed or ceased operations. Furthermore, another survey by the Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers (FMM) and Malaysian Institute of Economic Research (MIER) earlier this month revealed that about 2.6% of the respondents are currently in the process of winding down. The expected index for business activity fell to 60 points from 87, reflecting a worsening outlook. Nonetheless, we note that manufacturing sales in July 2021 remained resilient, grew 0.6% y-o-y to RM119.8 billion (June: 6.5%).

For July 2021, wholesale and retail trade declined 14.7% y-o-y to RM92.7 billion following the plummet of 10.3% in June, attributable to lockdown. That said, it improved slightly by 0.5% m-o-m (June: -14.8%), as some states transitioned into Phase 2 of the NRP, which certain economic sectors were permissible to operate. This shows a glimmer of hope that economic activities are recovering and it is not as bad as businesses envision. We, thus, expect numbers from August onwards to be better as more sectors are allowed to open lately. This would benefit the SME sector greatly.



*As at 15 September 2021

While we view positively the gradual reopening of economic sectors in all states, regardless of the phases under the NRP, suppression of infection counts, aided by accelerated vaccination drives, would significantly help improve sentiment on the ground. Moreover, private consumption could be boosted in coming weeks, subsequent to the announcement of travel bubble initiative to Langkawi that may imply more tourism destinations to follow suit.



Source: NRP's official portal and SME Bank SCEA

The country's economy is expected to rebound in 4Q 2021. To facilitate the recovery and play our role as a development bank, SME Bank offers a variety of financing products. We are committed to helping entrepreneurs and SMEs to cope with their struggles during this difficult time.

DISCLAIMER

SME BANK has exclusive proprietary rights in the data or information provided herein. This document is the property of SME BANK and is protected by Malaysian and international copyright laws and conventions. The data and information shall only be used for intended purposes and not for any improper or unauthorised purpose. All information contained herein shall not be copied or otherwise reproduced, repackaged, transmitted, transferred, disseminated, redistributed or resold for any purpose, in whole or in part, in any form or manner, or by any means or person without SME BANK's prior written consent.

This research report provides general information only. Neither the information nor any opinion expressed constitutes an offer or an invitation to make an offer, to buy or sell any securities or other investment or any options, futures or derivatives related to such securities or investments. It is not intended to provide personal investment advice and it does not take into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation and the particular needs of any specific person who may receive this report. Investors should seek financial advice regarding the appropriateness of investing in any securities, other investment or investment strategies discussed or recommended in this report and should understand that statements regarding future prospects may not be realised. Investors should note that income from such securities or other investments, if any, may fluctuate and that price or value of such securities and investments may rise or fall. Accordingly, investors may receive back less than originally invested. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Any information relating to the tax status of financial instruments discussed herein is not intended to provide tax advice or to be used by anyone to provide tax advice. Investors are urged to seek tax advice based on their particular circumstances from an independent tax professional.

Any opinion, analysis, observation, commentary and/or statement made by SME BANK are solely statements of opinion based on information obtained from sources which SME BANK believes to be reliable and therefore, shall not be taken as a statement of fact under any circumstance. SME BANK does not and is in no position to independently audit or verify the truth and accuracy of the information contained in the document and shall not be responsible for any error or omission or for the loss or damage caused by, resulting from or relating to the use of such information. Analysts based in SME BANK offices produce research on macroeconomics, equities, fixed income, currencies, commodities and portfolio strategy.

SME BANK and its affiliates, subsidiaries and employees shall not be liable for any damage or loss arising from the use of and/or reliance on documents produced by SME BANK or any information contained therein. Anyone using and/or relying on SME BANK document and information contained therein solely assumes the risk in making use of and/or relying on such document and all information contained therein and acknowledges that this disclaimer has been read and understood, and agrees to be bounded by it.

Strategic Credit & Economic Analytics, SME Bank

